## § 1546.103

- (c) Section 1546.103(b) for each operation with an airplane having a passenger seating configuration of 31 or more seats but 60 or fewer seats for which TSA has notified the foreign air carrier in writing that a threat exists; and
- (d) Section 1546.103(c) for each operation with an airplane having a passenger seating configuration of 31 or more seats but 60 or fewer seats, when TSA has not notified the foreign air carrier in writing that a threat exists with respect to that operation.
- (e) Sections 1546.103(b)(2) and (b)(4), 1546.202, 1546.205(a), (b), (c), (d), (e), and (f), 1546.207, 1546.211, 1546.213, and 1546.301 for each all-cargo operation with an aircraft having a maximum certificated take-off weight more than 45,500 kg (100,309.3 lbs.); and
- (f) Sections 1546.103(b)(2) and (b)(4), 1546.202, 1546.205(a), (b), (d), and (f), 1546.211, and 1546.301 for each all-cargo operation with an aircraft having a maximum certificated take-off weight more than 12,500 pounds but not more than 45,500 kg (100,309.3 lbs.).

[67 FR 8377, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 71 FR 30511, May 26, 2006]

## § 1546.103 Form, content, and availability of security program.

- (a) General requirements. The security program must be:
- (1) Acceptable to TSA. A foreign air carrier's security program is acceptable only if TSA finds that the security program provides a level of protection similar to the level of protection provided by U.S. aircraft operators serving the same airports. Foreign air carriers must employ procedures equivalent to those required of U.S. aircraft operators serving the same airport, if TSA determines that such procedures are necessary to provide a similar level of protection.
- (2) In English unless TSA requests that the program be submitted in the official language of the foreign air carrier's country.
- (b) Content of security program. Each security program required by §1546.101(a), (b), (c), (e), or (f) must be designed to—
- (1) Prevent or deter the carriage aboard airplanes of any unauthorized explosive, incendiary, or weapon on or

- about each individual's person or accessible property, except as provided in §1546.201(d), through screening by weapon-detecting procedures or facilities:
- (2) Prohibit unauthorized access to airplanes;
- (3) Ensure that checked baggage is accepted by a responsible agent of the foreign air carrier; and
- (4) Prevent cargo and checked baggage from being loaded aboard its airplanes unless handled in accordance with the foreign air carrier's security procedures.
- (c) Law enforcement support. Each security program required by §1546.101(d) must include the procedures used to comply with the applicable requirements of §1546.209 regarding law enforcement officers.
- (d) Availability. Each foreign air carrier required to adopt and use a security program under this part must—
- (1) Restrict the distribution, disclosure, and availability of sensitive security information, as defined in part 1520 of this chapter, to persons with a need to know; and
- (2) Refer requests for sensitive security information by other persons to TSA.

[67 FR 8377, Feb. 22, 2002, as amended at 71 FR 30512, May 26, 2006]

## § 1546.105 Acceptance of and amendments to the security program.

- (a) Initial acceptance of security program. Unless otherwise authorized by TSA, each foreign air carrier required to have a security program by this part must submit its proposed program to TSA at least 90 days before the intended date of passenger operations. TSA will notify the foreign air carrier of the security program's acceptability, or the need to modify the proposed security program for it to be acceptable under this part, within 30 days after receiving the proposed security program. The foreign air carrier may petition TSA to reconsider the notice to modify the security program within 30 days after receiving a notice to mod-
- (b) Amendment requested by a foreign air carrier. A foreign air carrier may submit a request to TSA to amend its accepted security program as follows: